**大桥教育优越中学八春提高L8课前测试**

**Teacher: Date: Time: Name: Score:**

**I.词汇**

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| **1. 金子，金币，金色的** | **gold** | **16.勇敢的，无谓的** | **brave** |
| 1. **皇帝 n.**
 | **emperor** | **17.月光 n.** | **moonlight** |
| 1. **丝绸，丝织物 n.**
 | **silk** | **18.技术** | **technology** |
| 1. **没有人，小人物**
 | **nobody** | **19.键盘** | **keyboard** |
| 1. **愚蠢的 adj.**
 | **stupid** | **20.工业，企业** | **industry** |
| **6.欺骗，骗子 v./n.** | **cheat** | **21.输入，进入** | **enter** |
| **7.妻子，太太 n.** | **wife** | **22.搜索，查找** | **search** |
| **8.丈夫 n.** | **husband** | **23.依靠，取决于** | **depend** |
| **9.一整天 (短)** | **the whole day** | **24.躲藏，躲避** | **hide-hid-hidden** |
| **10.（戏剧或歌剧的）场，场景**  | **scene** | **25.出现，呈现** | **appear** |
| **11.发光，照耀 v.** | **shine-shone-shone** | **26.现代的，新式的** | **modern** |
| 1. **明亮的，光线充足的adj.**
 | **bright** | **27.电子的** | **electricity** |
| 1. **地，地面 n.**
 | **ground** | **28.卖，出售** | **sell-sold-sold** |
| 1. **带路，领路 v.**
 | **lead-led-led** | **29.话题** | **topic** |
| 1. **声音 n.**
 | **voice** | **30.邀请** | **invitation** |

**II.任务型阅读**

China's new e­commerce law came into effect on January 1. According to data from the China E­Commerce Research Center, online retail sales of goods and services in China in 2017 added up to 7, 175 billion *yuan*. This amount made up 19.6 percent of total retail sales. Meanwhile, there are growing concerns in China about consumer protection.

The new law aims to regulate the market and create a safe consumption environment. It requires the sellers on e­commerce platforms and social media to register as e­commerce operators and to pay taxes as well. Those who break the law could be fined up to two million *yuan*.

The new law will apply to three types of operators. The first group is the e­commerce platform business like Taobao. The second one is the third­party merchant who sells goods and services on e­commerce platforms. And the third one is the individual who does business on other network channels and websites, such as WeChat.

With the new law falling into place, consumers' rights will be better protected. It covers rules on fake products, false advertising, returning deposits and security of personal information. Besides, the law will help clean up China's reputation as a major source of fake products. In the long term, consumers will benefit from it.

1～2题完成句子; 3题简略回答问题; 4题找出并写出全文的主题句; 5题将文中画线句子译成汉语。

1. Online retail sales of goods in China in 2017 added up to \_\_\_7, 175 billion *yuan*\_.

2. The new law aims to regulate the market and create a safe consumption environment\_.

3. Who will the new law apply to?

 \_\_\_Three types of operators.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_China's new e­commerce law came into effect on January 1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_随着新法律的实施, 消费者权益将得到更好的保护。\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_